# **SUPERPRESSURE**

# AIR OPERATED DIAPHRAGM-TYPE COMPRESSORS

TWO STAGE	10K & 30K PSI
TWO STAGE	6K & 10K PSI
SINGLE ENDED	10K PSI
DOUBLE ENDED	10K PSI
SINGLE ENDED	<b>30K PSI</b>
SINGLE ENDED	6K PSI
DOUBLE ENDED	6K PSI
TWO STAGE	6K & 30K PSI
	TWO STAGE SINGLE ENDED DOUBLE ENDED SINGLE ENDED SINGLE ENDED DOUBLE ENDED

This Manual is for:

Compressor Part No.	:
Sales Order No.	:
Serial No.	•
Date Manufactured	:

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ADMIN\MANUAL\AIRCOMPR

DECEMBER 2001

### CONTENTS

### I. INSPECTION

### **II. INTRODUCTION**

### **III. PRINCPLES OF OPERATION**

### **IV. CHARACTERISTICS**

- a. Gas/Liquid Service Conversion
- b. Ordering Data Check Valves

### V. INSTALLATION & OPERATION

- a. Installation
- b. Operation
- c. Priming Procedure
- d. Verify Check Valve Operation

### VI. TROUBLESHOOTING

### VII. MAINTENANCE

- a. Stroke Adjustment Procedures
  - 1. Single Head Compressors
  - 2. Double Head Compressors
- b. Diaphragm Replacement
- c. Gas Check Valve Replacement
- d. Pressure Limiting Device Adjustment

### VIII. RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS & 1/2" PISTON ASSEMBLY # 85001000300

### IX. ASSEMBLY DRAWINGS & CAPACITY CURVES – SEE LIST

X. SPECIFICATIONS

### **I. INSPECTION**

If damage is discovered upon unpacking the equipment, an immediate request should be forwarded to the delivering carrier to perform an inspection and prepare a concealed-damage report. Concurrently, the nature and extent of damage should be reported to Newport Scientific, Inc., giving catalog and serial numbers, so that action may be initiated to replace damaged parts, or instructions issued for the return of the apparatus.

### **II. INTRODUCTION**

The Superpressure Diaphragm-Type Gas Compressors handle fluids of all types with absolute purity. The fluid being compressed comes into contact only with clean, dry, corrosion-resistant metallic surfaces. The compressors are suited for all types of laboratory applications as well as for pilot plant and industrial applications requiring low gas flows. The compressors operate at a 14 to 1 maximum compression ratio and are designed to circulate or boost gas from a low pressure to pressures of 6,000, 10,000, or 30,000 psi. These compressors may be used for testing and calibration of critical devices such as missile system components, etc., where hydrostatic pressure testing and calibration would be difficult or impossible.

These compressors may be easily cleaned. Fluids other than ordinary oil, such as oxygencompatible fluorinated products, may be used for diaphragm pulsing if required for specific applications. Compressors can be constructed of materials other than those normally supplied for particular corrosion-resistant applications on special order. The compressors when specifically cleaned and services, are also used for oxygen service.

These compressors are adaptable to either gas or intermittent liquid service. Changeover from one to the other is accomplished by interchanging a set of intake and exhaust check valves. Single or double ball check valves are available from Newport Scientific, Inc. which enable the compressors to be used for intermittent liquid service.

### **III. PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION**

The plunger of the compression head is reciprocated as in a pump. Oil from the storage bulb is compressed by the plunger, which in turn pulses the diaphragm. The fluid to be compressed is taken in and discharged on the opposite side of the diaphragm through the check valves in the head plate on the down and up stroke of the diaphragm. Oil is drawn into the chamber beneath the diaphragm by the suction created on the plunger backstroke. Excess oil in the chamber can flow back to the storage bulb during the forward plunger stroke through the pressure limiting device. This built-in hydraulic device is manually adjustable and ensures that the discharge pressure of the compressor cannot exceed a preset limit. The plunger stroke is preset so that under normal operating conditions, oil will not flow through the pressure limiting device unless the maximum discharge pressure is exceeded.

## **IV. CHARACTERISTICS**

- Contamination-free gas compression.
- Parts in contact with gas are made of the following materials:
- Upper head plates, 17-4PH SS; Valves, 302, 304, 316, 17-4PH SS and Nylon 101; Diaphragms, 302 SS.
- Compressor is suitable for suction at constant or continually varying suction pressures up to the maximum permissible discharge pressure.
- Compression ratios of up to 14-to-1 are obtainable for each stage.
- Diaphragm life in excess of 500 hours of operation normally attained.
- Absence of stuffing box permits leak-free operation.
- Elastomer packing provides a leak-free oil seal, long life and never needs tightening.
- Interchangeable check valves permit either continuous gas or intermittent liquid service.
- Check valves can be easily removed for cleaning and replacement.
- Floating hydraulic plunger ensures minimum wear on packing.

### GAS/LIQUID SERVICE CONVERSION

These compressors can be adapted for intermittent liquid service. To convert from gas to intermittent liquid service or vice-versa, replace the set of intake and exhaust check valves on the compressors with the set specified in Table for the particular service application. On the 6,000 and 10,000 psi gas head, for intermittent service with normal liquids, double-ball check valves must be used. Difficult liquids are water, volatile hydrocarbons, low or high-viscosity liquids and liquids containing sediments. On 30,000 psi gas heads, for intermittent liquid service, double-ball check valves must be used for all liquids.

### PRECAUTION

### \*\*Liquid service check valves CANNOT be used on Two-Stage Compressors.\*\*

### **ORDERING DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR CHECK VALVES**

COMPRESSOR	QTY	STANDARD GAS	LIQUID SERVICE	LIQUID SERVICE
CATALOG	-	CHECK VALVES	SINGLE BALL	DOUBLE BALL
NUMBER		INLET/DISCHARGE	INLET/DISCHARGE	INLET/DISCHARGE
46-14025-2	1 Ea	44-11102	44-14100	44-14210
46-14065		44-11107	44-14115	44-14215
46-14035-2	2 Ea	44-11102	44-14100	44-14210
46-14023		44-11107	44-14115	44-14215
46-14067				
46-14060-2	1 Ea	44-13100		44-13140
	ł	44-13120		44-13160
46-14021-2	1 Ea	44-11102		
46-14068		44-11107		
		44-13100	1	
		44-13120		

\*Also used where ultra-pure cleaning is required.

Each check valve listed in Table has a <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch O.D. female tubing opening. Special-Inlet Adapter 45-16705 for liquid service can be used with the 44-13140, 44-14100, and 44-14210 Intake Check Valves when a <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch NPT connection is desired. This adapter converts the <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch O.D. female connection to <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch NPT, female.

### V. INSTALLATION & OPERATION

### CAUTION

For oxygen service, use HALOCARBON or similar oils to prevent reaction with the oxygen. Thoroughly clean vital areas for oxygen service. The use of a HALOCARBON grease on bolt threads and other hardware is suggested. Recommendations for special applications may be obtained from the SUPERPRESSURE Engineering Dept.

### **INSTALLATION**

1. Remove plug from oil reservoir, remove plugs from inlet and discharge gas check-valves and from air-supply connections.

### NOTE

Unit may be bench operates without tie-down bolts. Mounting holes are provided where their use is necessary. Mounting data may be obtained from the detailed drawings.

- 2. An air-filter pressure-regulator-lubricator (Cat. No. 46-13753) is included as part of the compressor. A dry air source with pressure not to exceed 125 psi is connected to the air filter.
- 3. Air-exhaust ports exhaust through mufflers to the atmosphere. Where desirable, the exhaust may be vented away from the unit. We recommend a minimum vent-pipe of 3/4-inch to preclude malfunction of air-cycling valve because of backpressure.
- 4. Fill lubricator to correct level with lubricating oil (SAE 20)\* Oil feed rate is factory-set at 2drops /minute at maximum operating pressure. This oil provides the only lubrication necessary for the air operator.
- 5. Install a 5- to 10- micron, dry-type filter (Cat. No. 49-14405) in the gas-inlet line between the gas supply and the compressor.
- 6. Connect gas-suction line (use SUPERPRESSURE Tubing, Cat. No. 45-11020) to port on head marked "IN" on units 46-14021-2, 46-14025-2, 46-14060-2, 46-14023 46-14068 and 46-14065. Connect the gas-suction line to inlet manifold on unit 46-14035-2 and 46-14067.

### NOTE

Before turning on the air pressure, turn out (unscrew) the pressure regulator adjustment screw. The unit can be started at the air-shutoff valve (not supplied) in the air-supply line, or by screwing in the adjustment on the pressure regulator. The latter operation is not normally intended for startstop control, but is used to regulate the maximum pressure to the compressor.

\*Newport Scientific, Inc. uses Oildyne Hydraulic Fluid 15-40.

### PRECAUTION

If dirt enters the compressor, the diaphragm and check valves may be damaged. It is absolutely essential that the incoming gas is filtered. We suggest a 5 or 10 micron in-line Filter such as Cat. # 49-14405.

Also any lines to be placed between the Filter and the compressor should be thoroughly cleaned. Flush with solvent using a syringe, and blow dry with clean air or gas. (Even a new piece of high pressure tubing may contain sufficient particulate matter to foul the check valves).

To operate the motor-driven compressor, turn on electric power to the compressor. Observe the gas discharge pressure to ensure that the compressor is operating properly. If the compressor fails to build-up pressure, shut off power and perform the "Priming Procedure" in the next paragraph.

### **PRIMING PROCEDURE**

To prime the compressor, perform the following:

- 1. Close off the gas discharge line.
- 2. Apply suction pressure to the compressor inlet. (The term suction pressure means the positive pressure applied to the compressor inlet, e.g. a minimum suction pressure of 700 psi is recommended for 10,000 psi discharge on 46-13411-2).
- 3. Add oil to the reservoir if required.
- 4. Loosen the stop nut on the top of pressure limiting device, being careful not to lose the setting. Reverse the set screw back until it no longer applies tension to the spring. The stop nut will turn with the set screw, thereby maintaining the original Factory setting.
- 5. Run the compressor. While it is running, loosen the large gland nut at the base of the pressure limiting device by 1-1/2 turns, and pull back on the body of the limiter to release the orifice piece. This removes all force from the seat and allows fresh oil to be pulled in from the reservoir.

The large gland nut should be loosened just for a couple of strokes of the compressor and then retightened. Some oil will be spilled out during the above operation.

6. Return the setscrew to its' original setting and retighten the stop nut.

# PROCEDURE FOR VERIFYING PROPER CHECK VALVE OPERATION

- 1. Install pressure gauges on Compressor Inlet & Outlet, if not already present.
- 2. Apply suction pressure of 1,000 psi to Compressor Inlet.
- 3. Operate Compressor.
- 4. If either gauge fluctuates wildly then remove check valves and clean or replace.

# VI. TROUBLESHOOTING

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
Air Drive Inoperative	1.Low air pressure, or clogged air line filters	1.Check air pressure. Clean air line or filter, install proper size air line or filter, install proper size air line (3/8" pipe min).
	2.Improper lubrication	2. Check lubricator adjustment. Set to 2 drops min., running free.
		3. Tighten or replace.
	3.Loose or broken connection	4.Replace pilot valve, air-transfer valve or both.
	4.Malfunction of pilot valves or air-transfer valve	5.Refer to Stroke Adjustment.
	5.Improper stroke adjustment	
Pump stalls before pressure develops	1.Insufficient air pressure	1.Obtain proper air pressure.
	2. Air line restriction	2.Remove restriction.
	3.Improper cylinder lubricator	3.Check lubricator and grade of oil used. Set to 2 drops min. Running free.
	4.Pressure limiting device locked in	4.Back-off pressure limiting device screw.
Pump operative developing less than	1.Inlet pressure to low	1.Keep compression ratio at 14:1.
max.	2.System leakage	2. Isolate pump and check for leaks.
	<ul><li>3.Air pressure too low</li><li>4.Faulty inlet &amp; discharge check valve</li></ul>	<ul> <li>3.Obtain proper air pressure.</li> <li>4.Check gauges in inlet and discharge line with pump cylinder under normal conditions. If inlet gauge fluctuates radically, replace inlet check valve assembly. If discharge gauge fluctuates radically, replace discharge check valve assembly.</li> </ul>

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
Pump operative developing less than max. pressure	5.Pump not primed.	5.Refer to priming procedure.
	6.Defective hydraulic check valve or	6.Replace faulty valve or device. Observe oil
	pressure limiting device	reservoir for check valve action.
	7.Improper stroke adjustment	7.Refer to Stroke Adjustment.
Pump developing maximum pressure, output volume incorrect	1.External leaks on check valve and diaphragm (check by bubble testing)	1. Tighten or replace as necessary.
	2.Oil pressure limiter set too low. Oil level in oil reservoir will move up & down with each stroke.	2.Increase by turning IN adjustment screw to 6,600 psi, 11,000 psi, or 32,000 psi, depending on type of compressor. <u>DO NOT</u> adjust this
	cach shoke.	device unless necessary.
	3.Malfuction in inlet and discharge check	3.See above.
	valves.	
		4.Check for proper compensation ratio.
	4.Low input pressure	5.Replace with new diaphragm(s).
		Sixeplace with new diaphragm(s).
	5.Ruptured diaphragm(s)	6.Refer to Stroke Adjustment.
	6.Improper stroke adjustment	

### VII. MAINTENANCE

### STROKE ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

Pivot-valve assembly is located on threaded supports and a plate. The plate has elongated holes to allow the pivot valves to slide either toward or away from the cam for fine-stroke adjustments. The stroke setting at the pivot-valve assembly is made at the factory and should not normally require changing; however, if it becomes necessary to change or reset, proceed as follows:

### SINGLE-HEAD COMPRESSORS

- 1. Position the ball valve so that the space between the bottom face of the mounting plate and the upper face of the spacer is approximately 1-1/16". Lock in place. (See Compressor Assembly Drawing)
- 2. Loosen the two hex-head screws holding the ball valves to the mounting plate. Slide both ball valves inward toward the plunger. Tighten both screws to hold valves in place.
- 3. Start compressor with no gas pressure. Operate very slowly.
- 4. Block the exhaust port of the upper ball valve with a finger and let the plunger go to the very bottom of the bore. Keep finger in place.

- 5. With inside calipers measuring the distance between the face of the body (not the packing nut) and the face of the coupling.
- 6. Remove finger from the ball valve exhaust. The plunger will return. Let the compressor continue to run slowly.
- 7. Increase the calipers measurement 1/16"; i.e., if the measurement was 5/16", increase to 3/8".
- 8. Loosen screws slightly on ball valves. Insert calipers between body face and coupling.
- 9. Slide both ball valves out until the coupling touches the calipers while compressor is running. This must be done in very small increments.
- 10. Tighten the screws on the ball valves and again measure stroke.
- 11. Allow compressor to run for several minutes and observe the oil reservoir bowl. If it appears that the oil level is rising and falling with each stroke, or if the pressure limiting device is set for too low a pressure, refer to paragraph setting pressure limiting device.
- 12. To shorten the stroke, break the screws and very tightly tap the ball valves in. Tighten screws.
- 13. Repeat steps 11 and 12, above, until the oil level remains steady.

### CAUTION

### The pressure limiting device should never heat during operation.

### **DOUBLE-HEAD COMPRESSORS**

- 1. Position the ball valve so that the space between the bottom face of the mounting plate and the upper face of the spacer is approximately 1-1/16". Lock in place. (See Compressor Assembly Drawing).
- 2. Break the two hex-head screws holding the ball valves to the mounting plate. Slide both ball valves in toward the plunger. Tighten both screws to hold valves in place.

Perform steps 1 and 2 on both ends before starting compressor.

- 4. Start the compressor with no gas pressure.
- 5. Block the exhaust port of the upper ball valve with a finger and let the plunger go to the very bottom of the bore.
- 6. Using inside calipers, measure the distance between the face of the body (not the packing nut) and the face of the coupling.

- 7. Remove finger from the ball valve exhaust. The plunger will return. Let the compressor continue to run slowly.
- 8. Open the calipers 1/16"; i.e., if the measurement was 5/16", increase to 3/8".
- 9. Loosen screws slightly on ball valves. Insert calipers between body face and coupling.
- 10. Slide both ball valves out until the coupling touches the calipers while compressor is running. This must be done in very small increments.
- 11. Tighten the screws on the ball valves and measure the stroke again.
- 12. Repeat steps 2 through 8 for the other ball valve.
- 13. Repeat steps 11, 12, and 13 above.

### **REPLACING DIAPHRAGM**

- 1. Shut down unit, closing off gas inlet and discharge lines.
- 2. Crack connections to gas check valves to allow trapped pressure to escape.
- 3. Remove all gas connections.
- 4. Secure hydraulic section in some form of clamping device.
- 5. Remove head bolts, remove head, and inspect. Inspect valves, clean and cover with clean cloth.
- 6. Remove diaphragm.

### NOTE

The 6,000 and 10,000 psi units have one diaphragm per head; the 30,000 psi units have two diaphragms per head.

- 7. Remove preservative from new diaphragm(s) thoroughly clean and put new diaphragm(s) in place.
- 8. Install head connections by reversing removal procedures. (Use check valve as guide for proper relocation).

### NOTE

Lubricate washer and bolt threads with bearing grease for normal operation; use HALOCARBON grease for oxygen services.

- 9. Hand tighten all head bolts. Then sequentially tighten opposing bolts with torque wrench in equal increments of 10 ft-lbs until final tightness. (Torque to approximately 150 ft-lbs for 6,000 and 10,000 psi Head and 350 ft-lbs for 30,000 psi Head)
- 10. Attach all gas connections.
- 11. Prime the compressor as described in Priming Instructions.

### GAS CHECK VALVE REPLACEMENT

- 1. Shut down unit as previously described.
- 2. Remove gas connections as previously described.
- 3. Remove check valves and examine for wear or damage.
- 4. Replace seat assembly in check valves if required.
- 5. If check valves are of the single ball or double ball type, it is recommended that they be completely replaced if found defective.

### ADJUSTMENT OF PRESSURE LIMITING DEVICE

### NOTE

The Pressure Limiting Device was preset by Newport Scientific and should never need readjustment. This device was set to release oil back to the storage bulb when the discharge pressure reached 110% of the maximum pressure rating of the compressor. This setting was obtained by turning the set screw at the top of the pressure limiter until the desired release pressure was obtained.

The set screw was then held stationary while the outer stop nut was tightened down to the limiter body to lock in the setting. As long as the stop nut is not turned relative to the set screw, the set screw can be turned out and in for priming and still maintain the original factory setting.

If the stop nut has been turned relative to the set screw, the following procedure can be followed to reproduce the original setting.

- 1. Install pressure gauges in the inlet & outlet lines of the compressor if not already present.
- 2. Make sure the system is primed by performing the **Priming Procedure**.
- 3. Make sure check values are operating properly according to the **Procedure for Verifying Proper Check Value Operation**.
- 4. Stop compressor operation.

- 5. Loosen outer stop nut on top of pressure limiter and turn set crew back until all tension is removed from the spring.
- 6. Apply suction pressure of at least 1000 psi.
- 7. Adjust set screw slowly inward to obtain the following maximum discharge pressure -
  - for 6,000 psi compressors, set to 6,600 psi
  - for 10,000 psi compressors, set to 11,000 psi
  - for 30,000 psi compressors, set to 33,000 psi

### NOTE

For a two stage compressor, set up to 5,000 psi on first stage.

### NOTE

Outlet pressure gauge needle will fluctuate slightly with each piston stroke, use the highest reading on each stroke when setting the pressure.

8. Hold set screw stationary and tighten outer stop nut to lock in pressure setting.

### NOTE

It is not recommended that the pressure limiter be set at a pressure lower than the original factory setting.

# **VIII. RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS**

DESCRIPTION	CAT. NO	46-	46-	46-	46-	46-	46-	46-	46-
	OR	14025-2	14060-2	14035-2	14021-2	14023	14068	14065	14067
	PART NO.								
CHECK VALVE,	<u>44-14110</u>	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2
HYDRAULIC	44-14110	I	1	2	2	2	2	1	-
CHECK VALVE,	44-11102	1		2	1	2	1	1	2
INTAKE	44-11102	1		2	1	2		I	2
CHECK VALVE,	44-11107	1		2	1	2	1	1	2
DISCHARGE		-		~	-	-	, î	-	-
CHECK VALVE,	44-13100		1		1		1		
INTAKE			-				-		
CHECK VALVE,	44-13120		1		1		1		
DISCHARGE									
DIAPHRAGM	62018000500	1	2	2	3	1	2		
DIAPHRAGM	84001001100					1	1	1	2
OILER	P1004002900	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2
SOFTGOOD	85001000900	1		2	1	1			
PACKING KIT									
SOFTGOOD	85001000500		1		1		1		
PACKING KIT									
SOFTGOOD	85001001100					1	1	1	2
PACKING KIT									
PACKING	64042002500	1		2	1	1	1		
RETAINER		L							
PACKING	65013002700		1		1		l		
RETAINER			····						
PACKING	84001000800					1	1	1	2
RETAINER								L	
PACKING	64042002200	1		2	1	1	1	l	
FOLLOWER									
PACKING	65013002800		1		1	}			
FOLLOWER	04001000700					1		<u> </u>	2
PACKING	84001000700	1					1	1	2
FOLLOWER			l		l		L	L	

PART NO. 85001000300 – <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" PISTON ASSEMBLY (CHEVRON PACKINGS TO POLYPACK) Please Call Newport Scientific, Inc. for further information on this part.

# IX. ASSEMBLY DRAWINGS

### COMPRESSOR # 46-14021-2 AIR OPERATED TWO STAGE 10 & 30K PSI

46-14021-2	Compressor Assembly Sheet 1 & 2
62037002802	Head Assembly 10,000 PSI
63034001802	Head Assembly 30,000 PSI
44-11102	Intake Check Valve 10,000 PSI
44-11107	Discharge Check Valve 10,000 PSI
44-13100	Intake Check Valve 30,000 PSI
44-13120	Discharge Check Valve 30,000 PSI
44-14110	Inlet Check Valve Single Ball
62006001200	Assembly Relief Valve-Liquid Service
77053000900	Air Drive Double End
Curve 10 & 30K Air	Capacity Curve

### COMPRESSOR # 46-14023 AIR OPERATED TWO STAGE 6 & 10K PSI

46-14023	Compressor Assembly Sheet 1 & 2
62037002902	Head Assembly 10,000 PSI
84001001500	Head Assembly 6,000 PSI
44-11102	Intake Check Valve 10,000 PSI
44-11107	Discharge Check Valve 10,000 PSI
44-14110	Inlet Check Valve Single Ball
62006001200	Assembly Relief Valve-Liquid Service
77053000900	Air Drive Double End
Curve 6 & 10K Air	Capacity Curve

### COMPRESSOR # 46-14025-2 AIR OPERATED SINGLE ENDED 10K PSI

46-14025 <b>-</b> 2	Compressor Assembly Sheet 1 & 2
62028003002	Head & Body Assembly 10,000 PSI
44-11102	Intake Check Valve 10,000 PSI
44-11107	Discharge Check Valve 10,000 PSI
44-14110	Inlet Check Valve Single Ball
62006001200	Assembly Relief Valve-Liquid Service
77053001000	Air Drive Single End
Curve 10K SE DE Air	Capacity Curve

### **COMPRESSOR # 46-14035-2 AIR OPERATED DOUBLE ENDED 10K PSI**

46-14035-2	Compressor Assembly Sheet 1 & 2
62037002802	Head Assembly Left Side 10,000 PSI
62037002902	Head Assembly Right Side 10,000 PSI
44-11102	Intake Check Valve 10,000 PSI
44-11107	Discharge Check Valve 10,000 PSI
44-14110	Inlet Check Valve Single Ball
62006001200	Assembly Relief Valve-Liquid Service
77053000900	Air Drive Double End
Curve 10K SE DE Air	Capacity Curve

### COMPRESSOR # 46-14060-2 AIR OPERATED SINGLE ENDED 30K PSI

46-14060-2	Compressor Assembly Sheet 1 & 2
63035000902	Head Assembly 30,000 PSI
44-13100	Intake Check Valve 30,000 PSI
44-13120	Discharge Check Valve 30,000 PSI
44-14110	Inlet Check Valve Single Ball
62006001200	Assembly Relief Valve-Liquid Service
77053001000	Air Drive Single End
Curve 30K SE Air	Capacity Curve

### COMPRESSOR # 46-14065 AIR OPERATED SINGLE END 6K PSI

46-14065	Compressor Assembly Sheet 1 & 2
85005000100	Head Assembly 6,000 PSI
44-11102	Intake Check Valve 10,000 PSI
44-11107	Discharge Check Valve 10,000 PSI
44-14110	Inlet Check Valve Single Ball
62006001200	Assembly Relief Valve-Liquid Service
77053001000	Air Drive Single End
Curve 6 & 30K Air	Capacity Curve

### COMPRESSOR # 46-14068 AIR OPERATED TWO STAGE 6 & 30K PSI

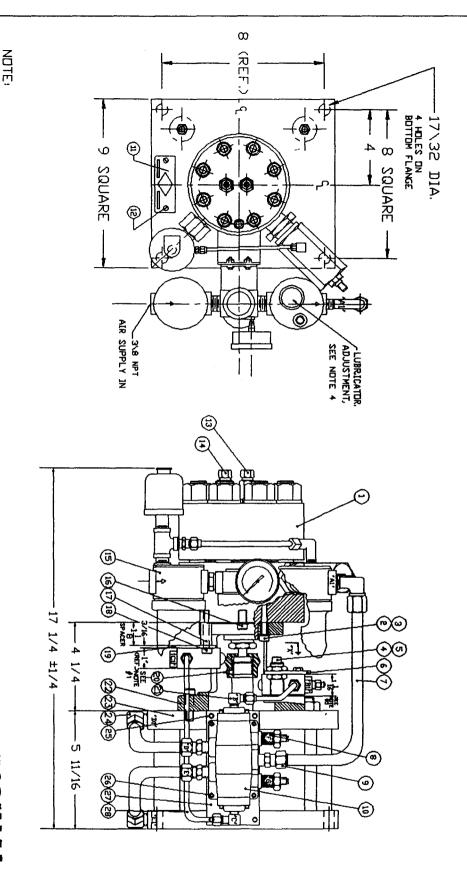
46-14068	Compressor Assembly Sheet 1 & 2
84001000300	Head Assembly 6,000 PSI
63034001802	Head Assembly 30,000 PSI
44-11102	Intake Check Valve 10,000 PSI
44-11107	Discharge Check Valve 10,000 PSI
44-13100	Intake Check Valve 30,000 PSI
44-13120	Discharge Check Valve 30,000 PSI
44-14110	Inlet Check Valve Single Ball
62006001200	Assembly Relief Valve-Liquid Service
77053000900	Air Drive Double End
Curve 6 & 30K Air	Capacity Curve

# X. SPECIFICATIONS

		AIN ULENALED DIA					HINAUM COMPACION DI ECH ICATIONS CHANT	
ITEM	46-14025-2 (SINGLE END 10K)	46-14035-2 (DOUBLE END 10K)	46-14060-2 (SINGLE END 30K)	46-14021-2 (TWO STAGE 10, 30K)	46-14023 (TWO STAGE 6,10K)	46-14068 (TWO STAGE 6,30K)	46-14065 (SINGLE END 6K)	46-14067 (DOUBLE END 6K)
Max. Discharge Pressure	10,0	10,000FSI	30,00	30,000PSI	10,000PSI	30,000PSI	Û Û	6, 000PSI
Max. Inlet Pressure		Up to Discharge	ge	Up to 10,000 psi	Up TO 6	6,000PSI	Up to	) Discharge
Recommended Compression Ratio					14 to 1			
Min. Gas Suction Dressure	10	700	2000	350	150	Q		400
Number of Stages		1			7			1
Max. Air- Drive Pressure					125 psi			
Min. Air- Drive Pressure (for max.					80 psi			
rating) Mounting Position	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical		Horizontal		Vertical	Horizontal
Air Consumption	20 SCFM	25 SCFM	40 SCFM		45 SCFM		25 SCFM	40 SCFM
				DIMENSIONS				
Length	12"	30″	12"	32"	30″	32″	12″	30"
Width	14"	13"	14"	13"	13"	13"	14"	13"
Height	17"	16″	19"	16″	16"	16"		16"

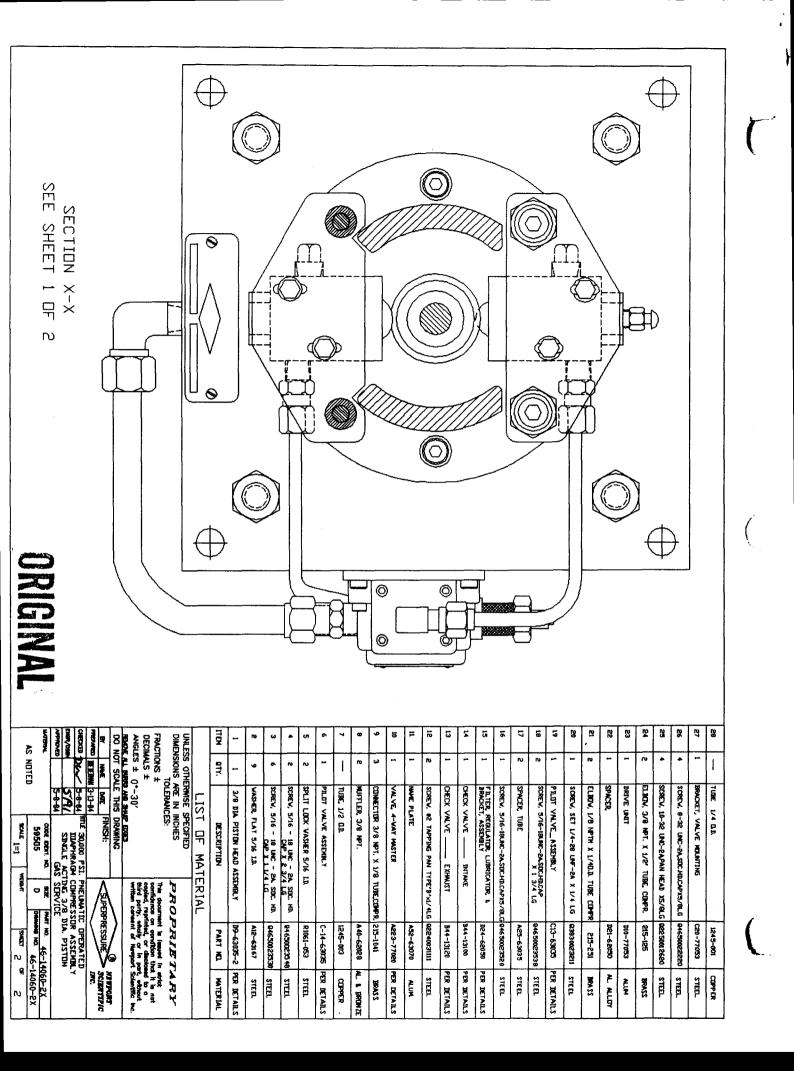
# AIR OPERATED DIAPHRAGM COMPRESSOR SPECIFICATIONS CHART

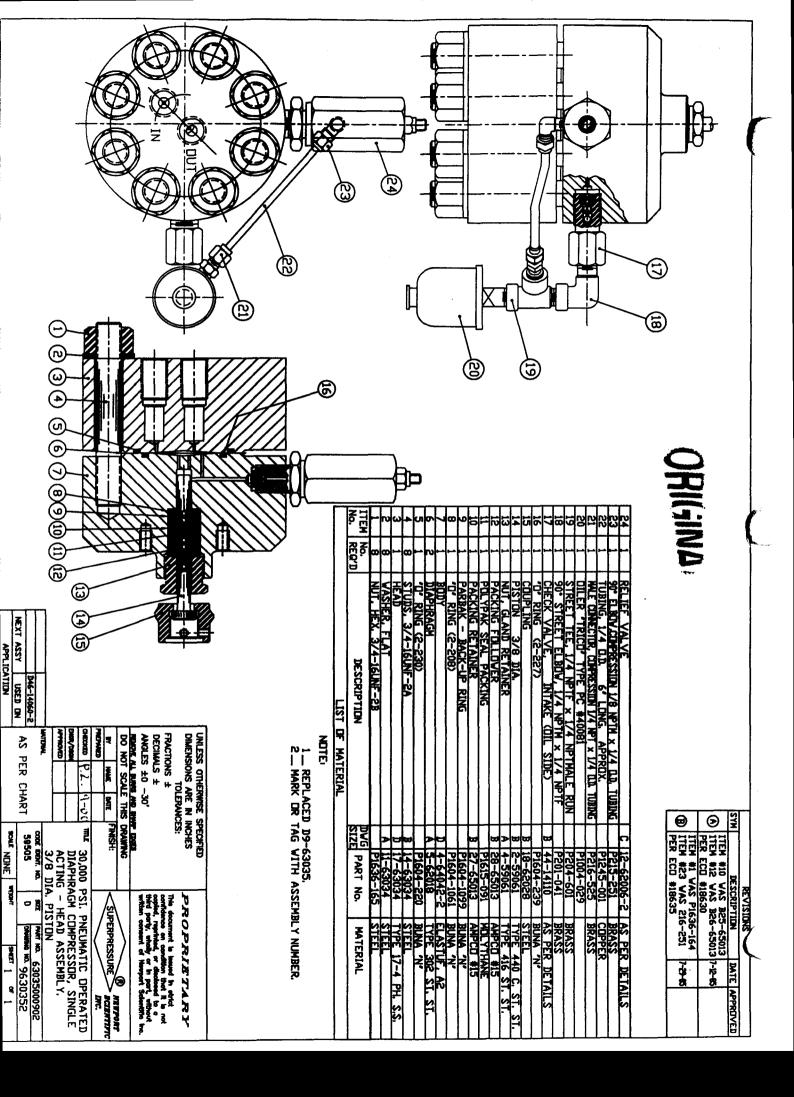
ITEM	46-14025-2	46-14035-2	46-14060-2	46-14021-2 (TWO	46-14023 (TWO	46-14068 (TWO	46-14065	46-14067
	(SINGLE END 10K)	(DOUBLE END 10K)	(SINGLE END 30K)	STAGE 10, 30K)	STAGE 6, 10K)	STAGE 6,10K)	(SINGLE END 6K)	(DOUBLE END 6K)
				PORTS				
Drive Air Inlet and Exhaust				3/8" NPT FEMALE	ALE			
Gas Inlet & Discharge				14" AMINCO				
Recommended Drive-Air				3/8" PIPE, MINIMUM	MUM			
Line Size								
Estimated Weight	70 lbs. net 100 lbs.ship	130 lbs. net 180 lbs.ship	70 lbs. net 100 lbs.ship	130 lbs. net 180 lbs.ship	130 lbs. net 180 lbs.ship	130 lbs. Net 180 lbs.ship	701bs. Net 1001bs. ship	130 lbs.net 180 lbs.ship
Mounting	4 mounting holes 17/32" dia. on 8- inch center	4 mounting holes UNC-2B thread, ½ 4-5/8" centers by center 4 mounting holes	es 1/2-13 ½" deep on by 6-inch	<pre>4 mounting holes on 4-5/8" center</pre>	f holes %-13 UNC-2B thread, center by 6-inch center	read, ½″ deep er	4 mounting holes 17/32" dia.on	4 mounting holes ½- 13 UNC-2B thread ½"
		4 mounting note dia. on 8-inch	ñ Q				uta. un 8" thread	deep on 4 5/8" center by 6" center
Volumetric Displacemet	0.13 cu. in. 2.15 cc	0.26 in <sup>3</sup> 4.30 cc	0.0785 in <sup>3</sup> 1.25 cc	1 <sup>st</sup> stage 0.13 in <sup>3</sup> 2.15 cc	1 <sup>st</sup> stage .36 in³ 5.90 cc	1 <sup>st</sup> stage 0.36 in <sup>3</sup>	0.36 in <sup>3</sup> 5.90 cc	0.72 in <sup>3</sup> 11.80 cc
per Stroke				2 <sup>nd</sup> stage .0785 in³ 1.25 cc	2 <sup>nd</sup> stage 0.13 in <sup>3</sup> 2.15 cc	5.90 cc 2 <sup>nd</sup> stage 0.0785 in <sup>3</sup> 1.25 cc		
Speed (max. at free flow)				130 Strokes/Min.	'Min.			
Stroke Length (max. under pressure)								
Exhaust Air Vent (if required)			34''	PIPE MINIMUM, 1(	10FT. MAXIMUM			
Oil for Air Lubricator				**SAF 20**	* *			
Oil for Hydraulic			NORMAL, SAE	SAE 20**, HALOCARBON OIL	OIL FOR OXYGEN SERVICE	SERVICE		
Head								

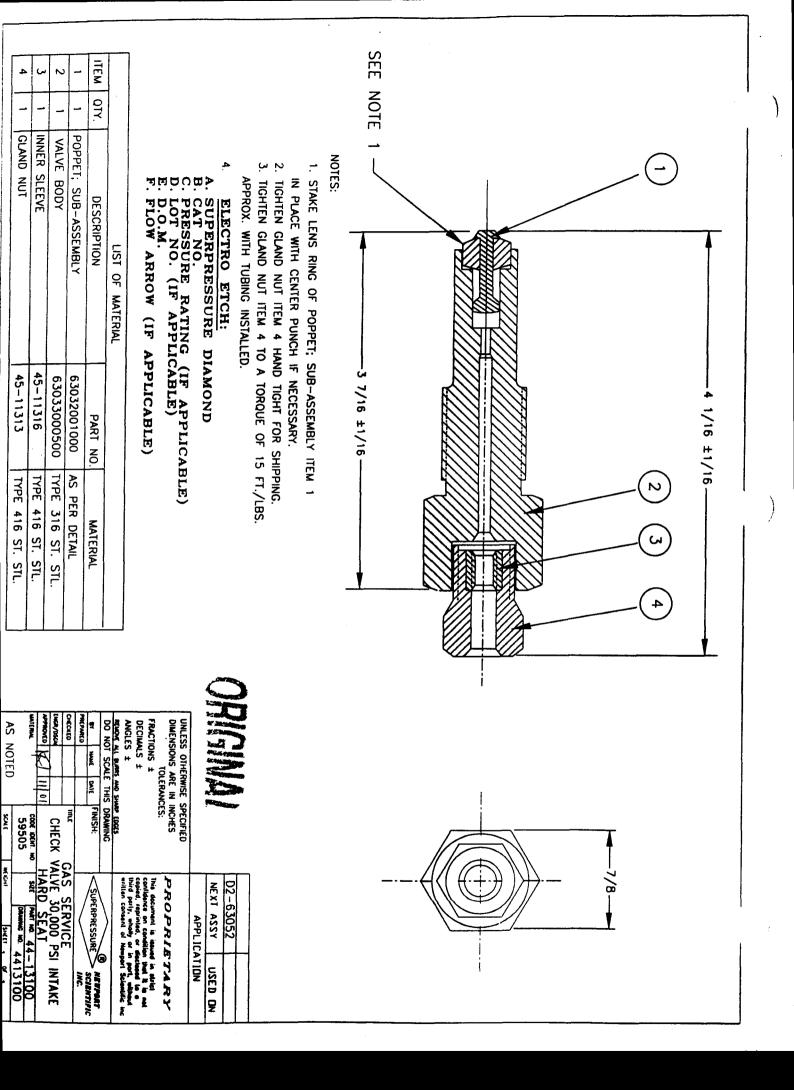


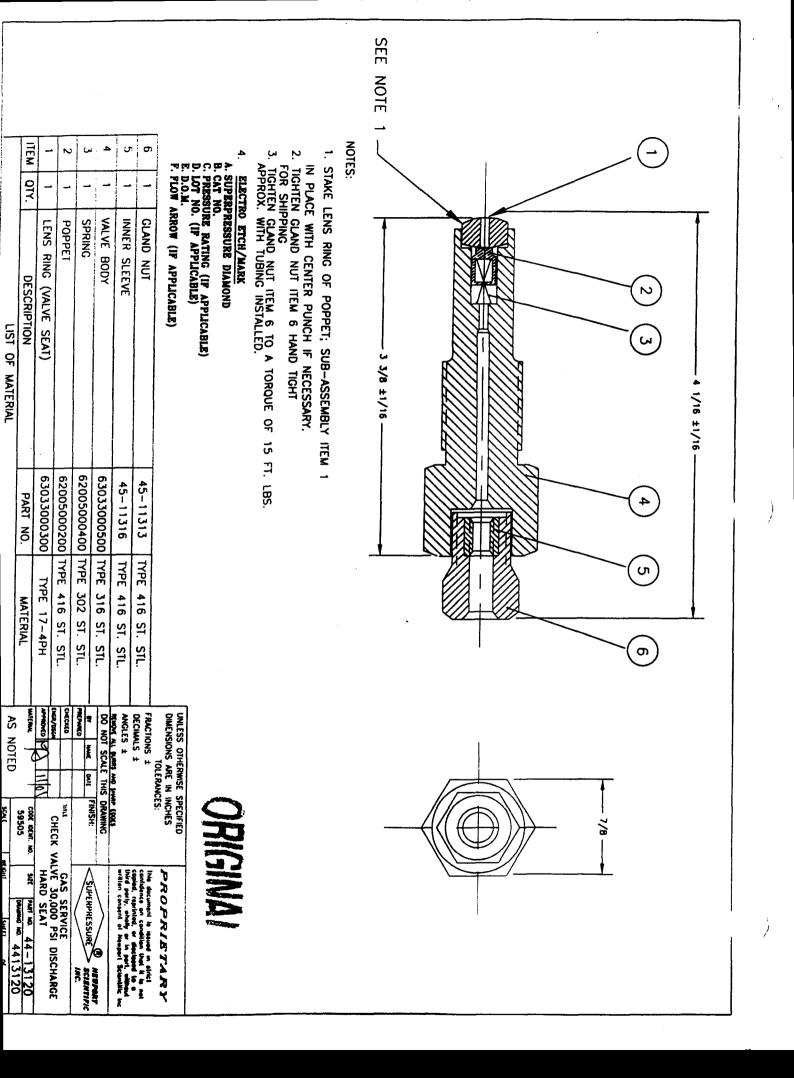
- 1. USE ONE (1) SET SCREW ONLY, NEAREST TO FLAT ON SHAFT. HOLD END PLAY OF SHAFT TO A MINIMUM.
- 2. INSTALL FILTER, REGULATOR AND LUBRICATOR, USE BOLT ITEM 16. 3. LOW PRESSURE PNEUMATIC HOOK-UP:
- "A MAIN AIR SUPPLY (INLET) CONNECT TO "AI". "B'LOW PRESSURE TRANSFER, CONNECT TO PILOT VALVE "BI". "C'LOW PRESSURE TRANSFER, CONNECT TO PILOT VALVE "C1". "D'AIR SUPPLY TO LEFT SIDE OF PISTON, CONNECT TO PORT "D1". "E'AIR SUPPLY TO RIGHT SIDE OF PISTON,CONNECT TO PORT "E1". "F'EXHAUST FROM PORT DI THROUGH MUFFLER AND ATMOSPHERE."
- 4. ADJUST LUBICATOR FOR 2 DROPS OF OIL PER MINUTE. 5. REFER TO PARAGRAPH "B" STROKE ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES OF
- INSTRUCTION MANUAL 865. 6. FOR SECTION X-X, SEE DWG. D46-14060-2, SHEET 2 DF 2.

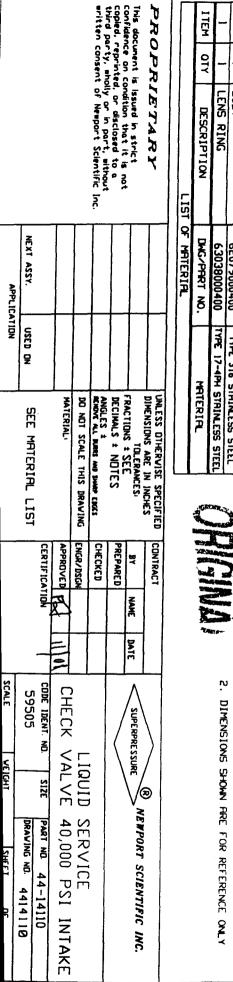
	<b>N</b>	IGINAL
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED	SPECIFIED	
DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES:	ES:	PROPRIETARY
FRACTIONS ±	1	This document is issued in strict
ANGLES #		third party, wholy or in part, without third party, wholy or in part, without
REMOVE ALL BURRS AND SHARP EDGES	NP EDOES	
DO NOT SCALE THIS DRAWING	DRAWING	
BY NAME DATE	FINISH:	SUPERPRESSURE SCIENTIFIC
PREPARED		INC.
CHECKED AN 7/91 TITLE		30,000 PSI PNEUMATIC DPERATED
	DIAPH	DIAPHRAGM COMPRESSOR ASSY.
APPROVED	SINGLE ACT	SINGLE ACTING 318 DIA. PISTON GAS SER.
WATERIAL	CODE IDENT. NO.	SIZE PART NO. 46-14060-2
SEE MUL 146-14060-2 59505	59505	D DRAMING NO. 46140602
	SCALE	WEICHT SHEET 1 OF 2





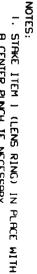






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LIST	DESCRIPTION	LENS RING	BODY	BALL	BALL RETAINER	SPRING	
LIST OF MATERIAL	DWG/PART NO.	63038000400	62079000400	P1500013300	62002000400	50029003204	
	MATERIAL	TYPE 17-4PH STAINLESS STEEL	TYPE 316 STAINLESS STEEL	TYPE 440 STRINLESS STEEL	TYPE 316 STAINLESS STEEL	TYPE 18-8 STRINLESS STEEL	
				_	_		



- A CENTER PUNCH IF NECESSARY.
- 2. DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
- 50029003204 TYPE 18-8 STRINLESS STEEL

2.34 -

A. SUPERPRESSURE DIAMOND B. CAT NO. C. PRESSURE RATING (IF APPLICAE D. LOT NO. (IF APPLICABLE) E. D.O.M. F. FLOW ARROW (IF APPLICABLE) . PRESSURE RATING (IF APPLICABLE) ELECTRO ETCH/MARK 13/16-ΞŪΧ Ð ---сл 4 - 2.25 ω N

1/4 NPT

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